

PC3SD11NTZ Series

*Zero cross type is also available. (**PC3SD21NTZ Series**)

V_{DRM}: 600V Non-zero cross type DIP 6pin Phototriac Coupler for triggering



■ Description

PC3SD11NTZ Series Phototriac Coupler include an infrared emitting diode (IRED) optically coupled to an output Phototriac.

These devices feature full wave control and are ideal isolated drivers for medium to high current Triacs.

DIP package provides 5.0kV isolation from input to output with superior commutative noise immunity.

■ Features

- 1. High repetitive peak off-state voltage (V_{DRM}: 600V)
- 2. Non-zero crossing functionality
- 3. I_{FT} ranks available (see Model Line-up section in this datasheet)
- 4. 6 pin DIP package
- 5. Superior noise immunity (dV/dt : MIN. 1 000V/us)
- 6. Double transfer mold construction (Ideal for Flow Soldering)
- 7. High isolation voltage between input and output (Viso(rms): 5.0kV)

■ Agency approvals/Compliance

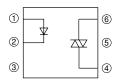
- Recognized by UL1577 (Double protection isolation), file No. E64380 (as model No. 3SD11)
- 2. Approved by CSA, file No. CA95323 (as model No. **3SD11**)
- 3. Optionary available VDE Approved (*)(DIN EN 60747-5-2), file No. 40008189 (as model No. **3SD11**)
- 4. Package resin: UL flammability grade (94V-0)
 - (*) DIN EN60747-5-2: successor standard of DIN VDE0884. Up to Date code "RD" (December 2003), approval of DIN VDE0884.
 - From Date code "S1" (January 2004), approval of DIN EN60747-5-2.
 - (**) Reinforced insulation type is also available. (**PC3SF11YVZ Series**)

■ Applications

- 1. Triggering for Triacs used to switch on and off devices which require AC Loads.
 - For example heaters, fans, motors, solenoids, and valves.
- 2. Triggering for Triacs used for implementing phase control in applications such as lighting control and temperature control (HVAC).
- 3. AC line control in power supply applications.



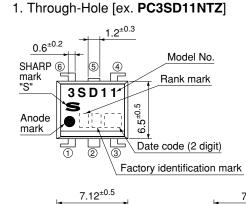
■ Internal Connection Diagram

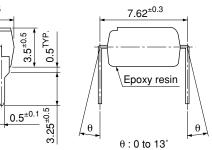


- 1 Anode
- 2 Cathode
- ③ NC
- 4 Anode/Cathode
- (5) No external connection
- ⑥ Cathode/Anode

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



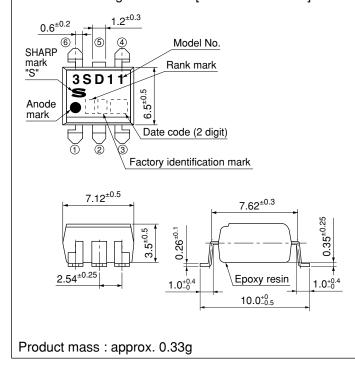


Product mass: approx. 0.35g

2.54^{±0.25}

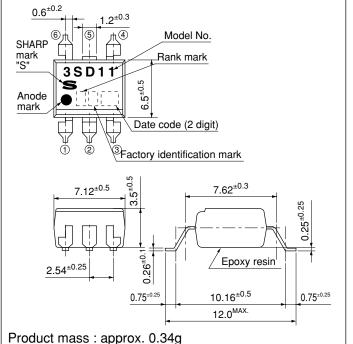
2. Wide Through-Hole Lead-Form [ex. PC3SD11NVZ] 0.6^{±0.2} 6 4 Model No. SHARP mark "S" Rank mark 3 S D 1 1 Anode mark Date code (2 digit) ③ Factory identification mark $7.12^{\pm0.5}$ 7.62^{±0.3} 0.5^{TYP.} Epoxy resin $0.26^{\pm0.1}$ 0.5^{±0.1} Ci 10.16^{±0.5} 2.54^{±0.25}

3. SMT Gullwing Lead-Form [ex. PC3SD11NXP]



4. Wide SMT Gullwing Lead-Form [ex. PC3SD11NWP]

Product mass: approx. 0.35g





■ Outline Dimensions (Unit : mm)

5. Through-Hole VDE option [ex. PC3SD11YTZ] 6. Wide Through-Hole Lead-Form VDE option [ex. PC3SD11YVZ] 1.2^{±0.3} 0.6^{±0.2} 0.6^{±0.2} Model No. Model No. **SHARP** SHARP mark "S" mark "S" Rank mark Rank mark 3 S 3SD11 $6.5^{\pm0.5}$ Anode Anode mark mark Date code (2 digit) Date code (2 digit) VDF Factory identification mark 3 identification mark 2 VDE Factory identification mark $7.12^{\pm0.5}$ identification mark $7.62^{\pm0.3}$ $5^{\pm 0.5}$ 7.12^{±0.5} 7.62^{±0.3} 0.5^{TYP} Epoxy resin 3.25_{±0.1} 0.5_{±0.5} $2.54^{\pm0.25}$ θ Epoxy resin 0.26^{±0.1} θ : 0 to 13° $10.16^{\pm0.5}$ 0.5^{±0.1} 8.5° 8.0° 2.54^{±0.25} Product mass: approx. 0.35g Product mass: approx. 0.35g 8. Wide SMT Gullwing Lead-Form VDE option 7. SMT Gullwing Lead-Form VDE option [ex. PC3SD11YXP] [ex. PC3SD11YWP] 0.6^{±0.2} 0.6^{±0.2} Model No. Model No. SHARP SHARP mark "S" mark "S" Rank mark Rank mark 3SD11 3 S D 1 1 Anode Anode mark mark Date code (2 digit) Date code (2 digit) 3 Factory identification mark VDE VDE Factory identification mark identification mark identification mark $7.12^{\pm0.5}$ 7.12^{±0.5} $7.62^{\pm0.3}$ 7.62^{±0.3}

*Pin 5 is not allowed external connection

Product mass: approx. 0.33g

2.54^{±0.25}

.26^{±0.1}

 $1.0^{+0.4}_{-0}$

 $0.25^{\pm0.25}$

0.75^{±0.25}

Epoxy resin

 $10.16^{\pm0.5}$

12.0^{MAX.}

 $0.26^{\pm0.1}$

 $0.75^{\pm0.25}$

 $2.54^{\pm0.25}$

Product mass: approx. 0.34g

 $0.35^{\pm0.25}$

 $1.0^{+0.4}_{-0}$

Epoxy resin

10.0+0.5



Date code (2 digit)

	1st o	digit		2nd digit		
	Year of p	roduction		Month of production		
A.D.	Mark	A.D	Mark	Month	Mark	
1990	A	2002	P	January	1	
1991	В	2003	R	February	2	
1992	С	2004	S	March	3	
1993	D	2005	T	April	4	
1994	Е	2006	U	May	5	
1995	F	2007	V	June	6	
1996	Н	2008	W	July	7	
1997	J	2009	X	August	8	
1998	K	2010	A	September	9	
1999	L	2011	В	October	0	
2000	M	2012	С	November	N	
2001	N	:	:	December	D	

repeats in a 20 year cycle

Factory identification mark

Factory identification Mark	Country of origin
no mark	Tomon
	Japan
	Indonesia
$\overline{\hspace{1cm}}$	Philippines
_	China

^{*} This factory marking is for identification purpose only.

Please contact the local SHARP sales representative to see the actural status of the production.

Rank mark

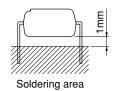
Refer to the Model Line-up table



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $(T_a=25^{\circ}C)$

			(1a 25 C)			
	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit		
Immust	Forward current	I_F	50	mA		
Input	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V		
	RMS ON-state current	I _T (rms)	0.1	A		
Output	Peak one cycle surge current	I _{surge}	1.2 *3	A		
	Repetitive peak OFF-state voltage	V_{DRM}	600	V		
*1 Isolati	on voltage	V _{iso} (rms)	5.0	kV		
	ting temperature	T_{opr}	-30 to +100	°C		
Storag	e temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +125	°C		
*2 Solder	ring temperature	T _{sol}	270*4	°C		



■ Electro-optical Characteristics

 $(T_a=25^{\circ}C)$

				T			<u> </u>	
Parameter			Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
T4	Forward voltage		$V_{\rm F}$	$I_F=20mA$	_	1.2	1.4	V
Input	Reverse current		I_R	$V_R=3V$	_	-	10	μΑ
	Repentitive peak OFF-state current		I_{DRM}	$V_D = V_{DRM}$	_	_	1	μΑ
0	ON-state voltage		V_{T}	$I_{T}=0.1A$	_	_	2.5	V
Output	Holding current		I_{H}	$V_D=6V$	0.1	-	3.5	mA
	Critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage		dV/dt	$V_D=1/\sqrt{2} \cdot V_{DRM}$	1 000	2 000	_	V/µs
		Rank A		$V_{D}=6V, R_{L}=100\Omega$	_	_	10	
Transfer	Minimum trigger current	Rank B	I_{FT}		_	_	7	mA
charac- teristics		Rank C			_	_	5	
	Isolation resistance	Isolation resistance		DC500V,40 to 60%RH	5×10 ¹⁰	10^{11}	_	Ω
	Turn-on time		t _{on}	$V_D=6V, R_L=100\Omega, I_F=20mA$	_	_	100	μs

^{*1 40} to 60%RH, AC for 1minute, f=60Hz *2 For 10s *3 f=50Hz sine wave

^{*4} Lead solder plating models: $260^{\circ}C$



■ Model Line-up

Lead Form	Throug	gh-Hole	SMT Gullwing Wide Thro		ough-Hole			
Chinning Dooks		Sleeve						I _{FT} [mA]
Shipping Packag	;e	50pcs/sleeve						$(V_D = 6V,$
DIN		Approved	Approved	Approved		Approved		$R_L=100\Omega$)
EN60747-5-2		Approved		Approved		Approved		
	PC3SD11NTZAF	PC3SD11YTZAF	PC3SD11NXZAF	PC3SD11YXZAF	PC3SD11NVZAF	PC3SD11YVZAF	Α	MAX. 10
Model No.	PC3SD11NTZBF	PC3SD11YTZBF	PC3SD11NXZBF	PC3SD11YXZBF	PC3SD11NVZBF	PC3SD11YVZBF	В	MAX. 7
	PC3SD11NTZCF	PC3SD11YTZCF	PC3SD11NXZCF	PC3SD11YXZCF	PC3SD11NVZCF	PC3SD11YVZCF	С	MAX. 5

Lead Form	Wide SMT Gullwing		SMT Gullwing Wide SMT		Gullwing			
Chinning Dooks	Sleeve		Taping					I _{FT} [mA]
Shipping Packag	e 50pcs/sleeve		1 000pcs/reel				Rank mark	$(V_D=6V,$
DIN		Approved		Approved		Approved		$R_L=100\Omega$)
EN60747-5-2		Approved		Approved		Approved		
	PC3SD11NWZAF	PC3SD11YWZAF	PC3SD11NXPAF	PC3SD11YXPAF	PC3SD11NWPAF	PC3SD11YWPAF	Α	MAX. 10
Model No.	PC3SD11NWZBF	PC3SD11YWZBF	PC3SD11NXPBF	PC3SD11YXPBF	PC3SD11NWPBF	PC3SD11YWPBF	В	MAX. 7
	PC3SD11NWZCF	PC3SD11YWZCF	PC3SD11NXPCF	PC3SD11YXPCF	PC3SD11NWPCF	PC3SD11YWPCF	С	MAX.5

Please contact a local SHARP sales representative to inquire about production status.

Sheet No.: D2-A07501FEN



Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

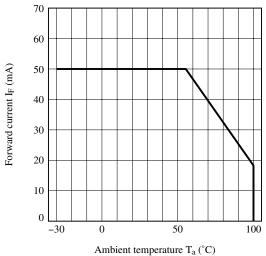


Fig.3-a Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage (Rank A)

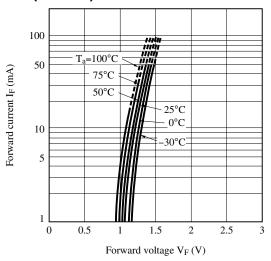


Fig.4-a Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature (Rank A)

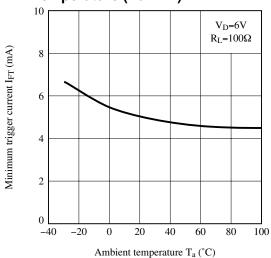


Fig.2 RMS ON-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

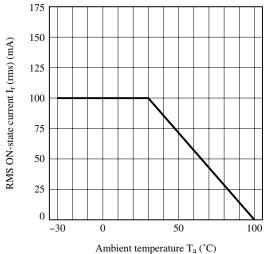


Fig.3-b Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage (Rank B, Rank C)

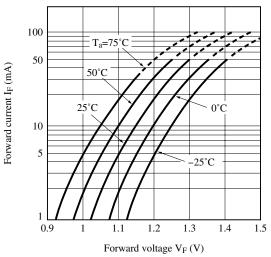


Fig.4-b Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature (Rank B, Rank C)

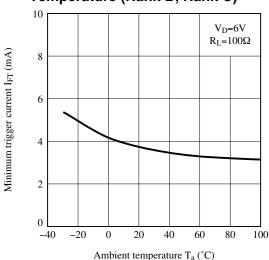




Fig.5 Relative Repetitive Peak OFF-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

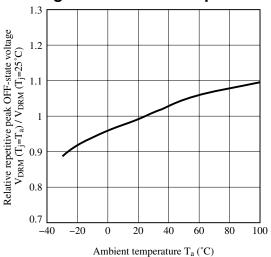


Fig.7 Holding Current vs.

Ambient Temperature

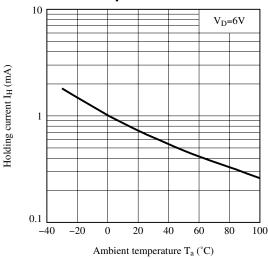


Fig.9-a Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current (Rank A)

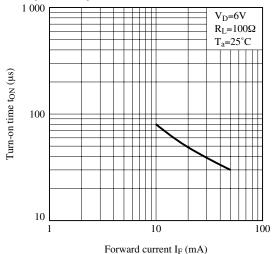


Fig.6 ON-state Voltage vs.
Ambient Temperature

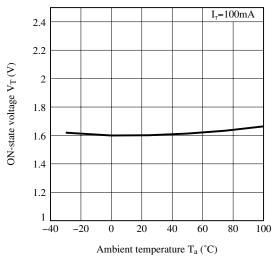


Fig.8 Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

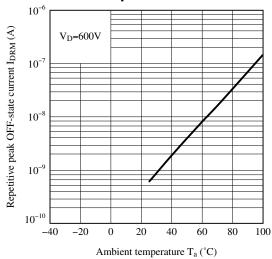
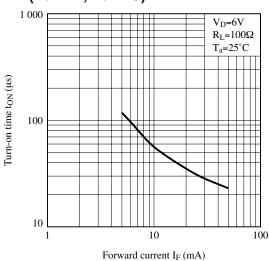


Fig.9-b Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current (Rank B, Rank C)



Remarks: Please be aware that all data in the graph are just for reference.



■ Design Considerations

Design guide

In order for the Phototriac to turn off, the triggering current (I_F) must be 0.1mA or less.

Please refrain from using these devices in a direct drive configuration.

These Phototriac Coupler are intended to be used as triggering device for main Triacs.

Please ensure that the output rating of these devices will be sufficient for triggering the main output Triac of your choice. Failure to do may result in malfunctions.

In phase control applications or where the Phototriac Coupler is being by a pulse signal, please ensure that the pulse width is a minimum of 1ms.

For designs that will experience excessive noise or sudden changes in load voltage, please include an appropriate snubber circuit as shown in the below circuit.

Please keep in mind that Sharp Phototriac Couplers incorporate superor dV/dt ratings which can often eliminate the need for a snubber circuit.

Degradation

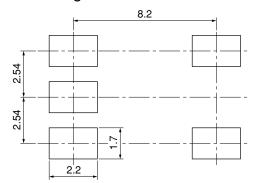
In general, the emission of the IRED used in Phototriac Couplers will degrade over time.

In the case where long term operation and / or constant extreme temperature fluctuations will be applied to the devices, please allow for a worst case scenario of 50% degradation over 5years.

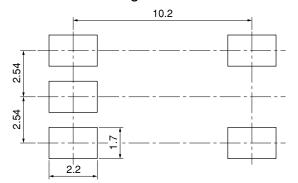
Therefore in order to maintain proper operation, a design implementing these Phototriac Couplers should provide at least twice the minimum required triggering current from initial operation.

Recommended Foot Print (reference)

SMT Gullwing Lead-form



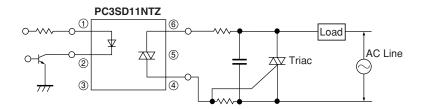
Wide SMT Gullwing Lead-form



(Unit:mm)



Standard Circuit (Medium/High Power Triac Drive Circuit)



Note) Please add the snubber circuit according to a condition.

Any snubber or varistor used for the above mentioned scenarios should be located as close to the main output triac as possible.

[☆] For additional design assistance, please review our corresponding Optoelectronic Application Notes.



■ Manufacturing Guidelines

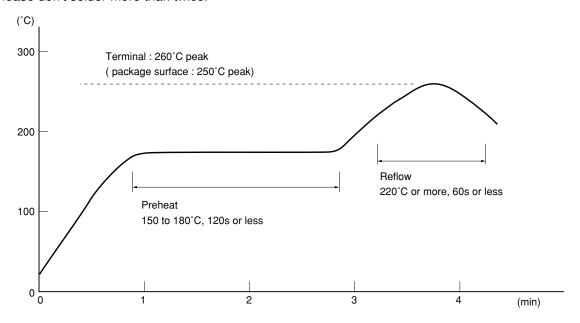
Soldering Method

Reflow Soldering:

Reflow soldering should follow the temperature profile shown below.

Soldering should not exceed the curve of temperature profile and time.

Please don't solder more than twice.



Flow Soldering:

Due to SHARP's double transfer mold construction submersion in flow solder bath is allowed under the below listed guidelines.

Flow soldering should be completed below 270°C and within 10s.

Preheating is within the bounds of 100 to 150°C and 30 to 80s.

Please don't solder more than twice.

Hand soldering

Hand soldering should be completed within 3s when the point of solder iron is below 400°C.

Please don't solder more than twice.

Other notices

Please test the soldering method in actual condition and make sure the soldering works fine, since the impact on the junction between the device and PCB varies depending on the tooling and soldering conditions.



Cleaning instructions

Solvent cleaning:

Solvent temperature should be 45°C or below. Immersion time should be 3minutes or less.

Ultrasonic cleaning:

The impact on the device varies depending on the size of the cleaning bath, ultrasonic output, cleaning time, size of PCB and mounting method of the device.

Therefore, please make sure the device withstands the ultrasonic cleaning in actual conditions in advance of mass production.

Recommended solvent materials:

Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol and Isopropyl alcohol.

In case the other type of solvent materials are intended to be used, please make sure they work fine in actual using conditions since some materials may erode the packaging resin.

Presence of ODC

This product shall not contain the following materials.

And they are not used in the production process for this device.

Regulation substances: CFCs, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride, 1.1.1-Trichloroethane (Methylchloroform)

Specific brominated flame retardants such as the PBBOs and PBBs are not used in this product at all.



■ Package specification

Sleeve package

1. Through-Hole or SMT Gullwing

Package materials

Sleeve: HIPS (with anti-static material)

Stopper: Styrene-Elastomer

Package method

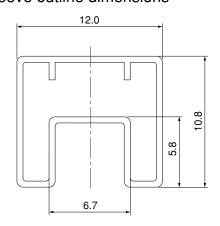
MAX. 50pcs of products shall be packaged in a sleeve.

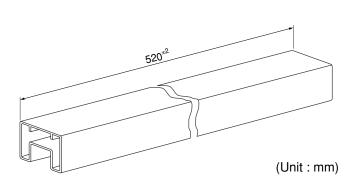
Both ends shall be closed by tabbed and tabless stoppers.

The product shall be arranged in the sleeve with its anode mark on the tabless stopper side.

MAX. 20 sleeves in one case.

Sleeve outline dimensions





2. Wide Through-Hole or Wide SMT Gullwing

Package materials

Sleeve: HIPS (with anti-static material)

Stopper: Styrene-Elastomer

Package method

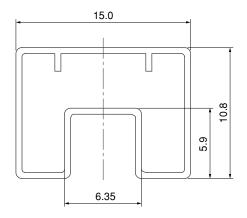
MAX. 50pcs of products shall be packaged in a sleeve.

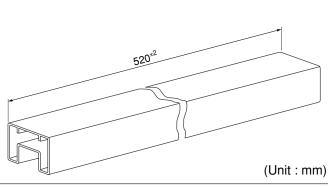
Both ends shall be closed by tabbed and tabless stoppers.

The product shall be arranged in the sleeve with its anode mark on the tabless stopper side.

MAX. 20 sleeves in one case.

Sleeve outline dimensions







● Tape and Reel package

1. SMT Gullwing

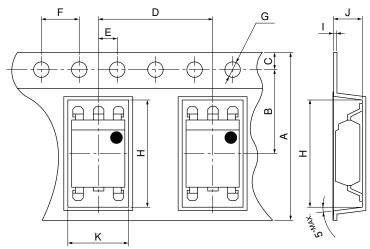
Package materials

Carrier tape: A-PET (with anti-static material)

Cover tape: PET (three layer system)

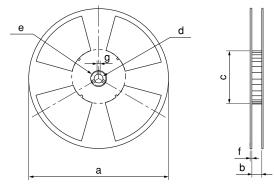
Reel: PS

Carrier tape structure and Dimensions



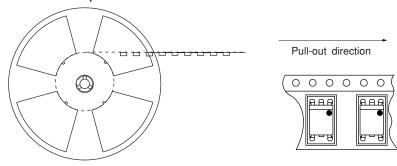
Dimensio	(Unit:mm)					
A	В	С	D	Е	F	G
16.0±0.3	7.5 ^{±0.1}	1.75 ^{±0.1}	12.0±0.1	2.0 ^{±0.1}	4.0 ^{±0.1}	φ1.5 ^{+0.1}
Н	I	J	K			
10.4 ^{±0.1}	0.4 ^{±0.05}	4.2 ^{±0.1}	7.8 ^{±0.1}			

Reel structure and Dimensions



Dimensio	ns List	(Unit: mm)			
a	b	с	d		
330 17.5±1.5		100±1.0	13 ^{±0.5}		
e	f	g			
23±1.0	2.0 ^{±0.5}	2.0 ^{±0.5}			

Direction of product insertion



[Packing: 1 000pcs/reel]



2. Wide SMT Gullwing

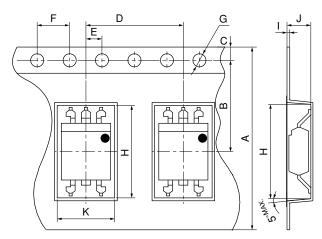
Package materials

Carrier tape: A-PET (with anti-static material)

Cover tape: PET (three layer system)

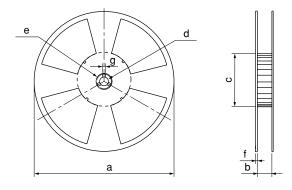
Reel: PS

Carrier tape structure and Dimensions



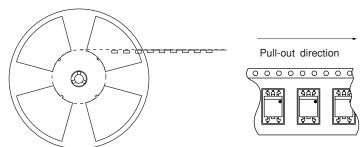
Dimensions List (Unit : mr							
	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G
	24.0 ^{±0.3}	11.5 ^{±0.1}	1.75 ^{±0.1}	12.0 ^{±0.1}	2.0 ^{±0.1}	4.0 ^{±0.1}	φ1.5 + 8.1
	Н	I	J	K			
	12.2 ^{±0.1}	0.4±0.05	4.15 ^{±0.1}	7.6 ^{±0.1}			

Reel structure and Dimensions



Dimensio	ns List	(Unit: mm)			
a	b	c	d		
330 25.5±1.5		100±1.0	13±0.5		
e	f	g			
23 ^{±1.0}	2.0 ^{±0.5}	2.0 ^{±0.5}			

Direction of product insertion



[Packing: 1 000pcs/reel]



■ Important Notices

- · The circuit application examples in this publication are provided to explain representative applications of SHARP devices and are not intended to guarantee any circuit design or license any intellectual property rights. SHARP takes no responsibility for any problems related to any intellectual property right of a third party resulting from the use of SHARP's devices.
- · Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest device specification sheets before using any SHARP device. SHARP reserves the right to make changes in the specifications, characteristics, data, materials, structure, and other contents described herein at any time without notice in order to improve design or reliability. Manufacturing locations are also subject to change without notice.
- · Observe the following points when using any devices in this publication. SHARP takes no responsibility for damage caused by improper use of the devices which does not meet the conditions and absolute maximum ratings to be used specified in the relevant specification sheet nor meet the following conditions:
- (i) The devices in this publication are designed for use in general electronic equipment designs such as:
 - --- Personal computers
 - --- Office automation equipment
 - --- Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
 - --- Test and measurement equipment
 - --- Industrial control
 - --- Audio visual equipment
 - --- Consumer electronics
- (ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection

with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:

- --- Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
- --- Traffic signals
- --- Gas leakage sensor breakers
- --- Alarm equipment
- --- Various safety devices, etc.
- (iii) SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:
 - --- Space applications
 - --- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
 - --- Nuclear power control equipment
 - --- Medical and other life support equipment (e.g., scuba).
- · If the SHARP devices listed in this publication fall within the scope of strategic products described in the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law of Japan, it is necessary to obtain approval to export such SHARP devices.
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